



On the Path of Integrating the History of the Communist Party of China into the Ideological and Political Theory Teaching in Colleges and Universities

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Abstract: the integration of the history of the Communist Party of China into the ideological and political theory course in Colleges and universities is the inevitable requirement of adhering to the socialist direction of running a school, and it is also an important manifestation of the implementation of moral education thought. The integration of party history into the ideological and political theory course in Colleges and universities should adhere to the principle of consistency, deal with the relationship between theory and practice, historical process and historical figures, personal contribution and collective wisdom, and tell the party's story from the historical, theoretical and practical dimensions.

Keywords: The history of the communist party of China; Ideological and political theory course; Communist Party of China.

1. Introduction

General secretary Xi Jinping stressed at the forum of teachers of Ideological and political theory at school: "the most fundamental thing to do well in Ideological and political theory courses is to fully implement the party's educational policy and solve the fundamental problem of training what people, how to train people, and nurturing people." [1] In the centenary of the founding of the Communist Party of China, exploring the principles, methods and paths of integrating the party history into the ideological and political theory course in Colleges and universities is of great theoretical and practical significance for implementing the fundamental task of establishing morality and cultivating people, striving to cultivate new people of the times who shoulder the responsibility of national rejuvenation, and cultivating socialist builders and successors with all-round development of morality, intelligence, sports, beauty and labor.

2. The principle of the integration of the party history into the ideological and political theory course in Colleges and Universities

The ideological and political theory course in Colleges and universities should guide students to establish a correct historical view, neither can they separate history nor have no history. We must insist on the success of the new democratic revolution and never lose the achievements of socialist revolution and construction, and the direction of reform and opening up and socialist modernization must not be shaken, and the three "one in one" should be emphasized.

First, we should pay attention to the consistency of the initial heart and mission of the Communist Party of China. One principle runs through it all. Xi Jinping pointed out that our party is a political party armed with Marx doctrine. It always regards its own initial intention and mission as the Chinese people's happiness and the revival of the Chinese nation, and it is consistent with all the party's struggles. This sentence includes at least two meanings: first, the initial mind and the mission are the starting point; Second, we should keep in mind and mission. In order to start with its original heart and mission, the Communist Party of China has led the people to realize the historical transformation from standing up to becoming rich and then becoming stronger, and also making China step by step from the edge of the world stage to the center of the world stage.

Second, we should adhere to Marxism in a consistent way. Combining the basic principles of Marxism with Chinese reality is the basic principle of the CPC adhering to the guidance of Marxism and promoting the Sinicization of Marxism. This principle is infiltrated in all the theoretical exploration activities and achievements of the Communist Party of China. In the construction of socialist values, we should adhere to the value principle of Marxism and the combination of China's national conditions and concrete practice, and form a system of values that conform to the actual situation of China and the basic path of building values.

Third, we should focus on the consistency of the two historical periods before and after the reform and opening up. The history of the leadership of the Communist Party of China in socialist construction, with the Third Plenary Session of the Eleventh Central Committee as the boundary, can be divided into two historical periods. The two historical periods before and after the reform and opening up have their own characteristics and differences from the process of development and the internal logic. However, if we put the 70 years of history into the historical process of the Chinese nation striving for national independence, national prosperity and modernization since 1840, and in the changing and ups and downs of the world history for more than 100 years, an objective fact that can not be avoided is that the two historical periods have high unity and consistency, It is a complete subject of historical cognition.

3. The goal of integrating party history into Ideological and political theory course in Colleges and Universities

First, the abstractness of theory and the practicality of test are unified. Adhering to the unity of theory and practice is the inevitable requirement of running ideological and political course well. Teachers should not only highlight the theoretical nature of Ideological and political course, but also guide students to study hard and fully understand the core and essence of theoretical knowledge; At the same time, we should pay attention to the practicality of Ideological and political course, encourage and support students to go to the grass-roots level and go to the front line; We should also focus on cultivating students' thinking mode of integrating history and logic. Ideological and political course teachers guide students to consciously integrate patriotism, ambition to strengthen the country, and service for the country into the struggle of supporting the leadership of the Communist Party of China and China's socialist system, adhering to and developing the cause of socialism with Chinese characteristics, building a socialist modern power, and realizing the great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation. This is the fundamental goal of building a theoretical and practical ideological and political course.

Second, the nobility of the curriculum and the affinity of the characters are unified. General secretary Xi Jinping pointed out that we should do a good job in learning and education for young people, and lay stress on the party's stories, revolutionary stories, heroic stories, and deeply plant the feelings of loving the party, patriotic and loving socialism, so that the red gene and revolutionary torch will be passed down from generation to generation. The ideological and Political Theory Textbooks in Colleges and universities are noble, but they are far away from the psychological distance of teenagers. Therefore, we should narrow the historical distance between students and the party through the affinity of characters and stories.

Third, the historical contributions of the leaders are unified with the limitations of the times. General secretary Xi Jinping pointed out: "the evaluation of historical figures should be based on the historical conditions of their times and society, and we can not leave the overall understanding of historical conditions and historical processes and scientific grasp of historical laws. We can not ignore the relationship between historical inevitability and historical contingencies."^[2] To evaluate historical figures with the scientific method of historicism requires us to pay attention to the following points: first of all, people's activities are interrelated, so we should link the activities of historical figures for investigation. Secondly, historical figures should be evaluated in the development of the whole society. It not only points out the historical limitations of the predecessors, but also does not demand the predecessors. Thirdly, we should evaluate historical figures concretely and comprehensively. In other words, the

thoughts and activities of historical figures should be analyzed concretely and comprehensively, not conceptualized, and attention should be paid to preventing the domination of personal emotions and likes and dislikes.

4. The concrete path of the integration of the party history into the ideological and political theory course in Colleges and Universities

First, from the historical dimension, we should make clear the historical process of revolution, construction and reform carried out by the people led by the Communist Party of China, so that students can have a deeper understanding of the historical change and historical achievements of China over the past century. General secretary Xi Jinping stressed: "history is the best textbook. Studying the history of the party and the state is a necessary course for upholding and developing socialism with Chinese characteristics and pushing forward all undertakings of the party and the state."^[3] For more than a century, the Communist Party of China has led the people of all ethnic groups in the great struggle of revolution, construction and reform, created a great cause of revolution, construction and reform, won great victory in revolution, construction and reform, and made great changes in the face of the Chinese people, the Chinese nation and China.

Second, from the theoretical dimension, we should make clear the theoretical achievements of Marxism Sinicization, so that students can have a more thorough understanding of the basic theory, basic line and basic strategy of the party. In the process of combining Marxism with Chinese practice, we have been constantly exploring, through various twists and turns, overcoming difficulties, and successively realized three historic leaps of Marxism Sinicization, resulting in Mao Zedong thought, Deng Xiaoping theory, and important thought of "Three Representatives" The achievements of Scientific Outlook on Development and Xi Jinping's new socialist theoretical system with Chinese characteristics have gone out of a road of revolution, construction and reform with China's characteristics, and realized a historic leap from standing up to becoming rich and then strengthening, creating a miracle of socialist movement in China's history.

Third, from the realistic dimension, students can grasp the Marxist position, viewpoint and method, and can use theory to understand, analyze and solve problems. Marxism is a powerful ideological weapon for us to understand the world, grasp the law, pursue the truth and transform the world. The standpoint and method are the soul of Marxist scientific thought system. The teachers of Ideological and political courses in Colleges and universities should not only master Marxist theory, but also improve their ability to analyze and solve problems by using Marxist standpoint.

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